

This information sheet was last updated on 9<sup>th</sup> April 2020 at 9am

# Coronavirus (COVID-19) – information for children, young people and families from the Complex Asthma team

We understand that you might be worried about coronavirus – also known as COVID-19 – particularly if your child has asthma. This information sheet from the Complex Asthma team at Great Ormond Street Hospital (GOSH) sets out our advice for children and young people who use our services. Please read this alongside our general information about coronavirus (COVID-19) available online at <a href="https://www.gosh.nhs.uk/news/coronavirus-covid-19-information-hub">www.gosh.nhs.uk/news/coronavirus-covid-19-information-hub</a>

This information comes from the Government guidance, The British Thoracic Society and Asthma UK and has been approved by the clinical team at GOSH.

#### Does COVID-19 affect children?

The evidence to date shows that although children do develop COVID-19 very few children will develop severe infection with COVID-19.

Currently, there is no published evidence that children with severe asthma are at higher risk of developing more serious complications from COVID-19. People who have severe asthma and become unwell due to COVID-19 should inform their local hospital asthma team.

### Social distancing and shielding

Please ensure that you and your family are following advice for social distancing including strict handwashing, only going out for essential visits and keeping two metres apart.

If you or your child have received a letter from the government stating that you should follow

shielding advice, then please follow this advice carefully. We have written some special guidance to clarify what shielding means for you and your child, available atgosh.nhs.uk/covid-19-and-vulnerable-children.

Recent guidelines have been devised by Asthma UK and can be found here:
<a href="https://www.asthma.org.uk/advice/triggers/coronavirus-covid-19/">www.asthma.org.uk/advice/triggers/coronavirus-covid-19/</a>

## Keeping well during the coronavirus pandemic

For children with well-controlled asthma, there is no evidence to say they are at higher risk of catching COVID-19 or developing complications due to COVID-19.

We would therefore like you to follow this guidance to keep your asthma as well controlled as possible during this time.

 Keep taking your medicine. Make sure that you are extremely strict with taking your preventer medications every day and have a



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- spare at home so that you do not run out. Not taking these medications may make your asthma worse. This includes adhering to any medication such as antihistamines and nasal sprays. This will help to keep your asthma as well controlled as possible and prevent an asthma attack. There is currently no evidence to say that taking inhaled corticosteroids increases the risk of getting COVID-19.
- Use your spacer. Your medication is more effective if you use your spacer. You must also ensure you are using the correct technique. If you are unsure you can check this: <a href="https://www.asthma.org.uk/advice/inhaler-videos/">www.asthma.org.uk/advice/inhaler-videos/</a> Make sure you are cleaning your spacer regularly and not sharing the device or medications with any family members. Cleaning instructions can be followed here: <a href="https://www.asthma.org.uk/advice/inhalers-medicines-treatments/inhalers-and-spacers/spacers/#cleanspacer">https://www.asthma.org.uk/advice/inhalers-medicines-treatments/inhalers-and-spacers/spacers/#cleanspacer</a>
- Know your asthma action plan. This will tell you what medication you should be taking daily and your escalation plan. This will also help you to identify your triggers and concerning symptoms that may require you to seek medical help.
- Food allergies. If you have any food allergies
  please ensure that you have in-date
  medication and are aware of how to
  administer this as per your BSCAI allergy
  action plan. A reminder of the administration
  technique can be found by selecting the
  appropriate device here:

- www.medicinesforchildren.org.uk/adrenalineauto-injector-anaphylaxis-0
- Carry your inhaler. Ensure you carry your reliever inhaler (usually blue-salbutamol) and spacer with you at all times and ensure that you have a spare.
- Reduce triggers. Take all necessary steps to reduce any triggers that might cause an asthma attack.
- Check your symptoms. Monitor your symptoms and know how to treat them. You can keep a symptom diary and if appropriate include your peak flow scores.
- Seek advice if required. If your asthma symptoms are getting worse and you are using your salbutamol inhaler more than usual please seek advice over the phone or online from your family doctor (GP) or asthma team.
   If you are concerned that your child is having an exacerbation that requires a course of oral steroids, please seek advice over the phone or online from your GP or local asthma team.
- In case of an emergency call 999 as you usually would.

## Should we make alternative clinic appointments?

Currently at GOSH we are minimising the number of face-to-face appointments where possible.

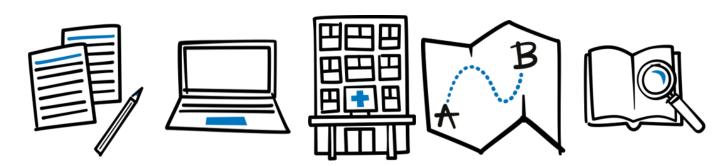
If your child has an upcoming appointment we will be in contact with you to discuss whether this can be carried out by telephone.

### Further information and support

If you need to contact the Complex Asthma Team, please call us on 020 7405 9200 ext 5914 or 07740 545 041 or email gos-tr.complexasthma@nhs.net

Information from the NHS at <a href="https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/">www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/</a>

Information for children is available on the BBC Newsround website at <a href="www.bbc.co.uk/newsround">www.bbc.co.uk/newsround</a>



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