

The background of the entire page is a light green color. Overlaid on this is a faint, stylized image of a child's profile, facing right. The child appears to be wearing a compression garment, which is depicted as a series of white, rounded shapes along the neck and shoulder area.

Looking after your child's compression garment

Information for families

Great Ormond Street Hospital
for Children NHS Trust

This leaflet explains about your child's compression garment, and gives instructions for using and looking after it.

Compression garments are made of closely fitting Lycra® material, which applies a compressive force against the body. They are used for the treatment or management of lymphoedema, vascular conditions and hypertrophic scars.

The design of the garment will depend on the area of the body where the pressure is needed. Garments will either be made-to-measure or ready-made. The degree of pressure exerted on the body will depend on the condition being treated. The doctor or the occupational therapist (OT) will explain the reasons for your child needing a compression garment, and when and for how long to wear it.

It is important that your child wears this garment. If he or she cannot tolerate wearing the garment, please call your OT to discuss this. There may be strategies to improve the situation, by altering the design, pressure or appearance of the garment.

Measuring your child for his or her compression garment

The OT will measure your child for a garment and will then either post the garment or arrange a fitting at GOSH. If the garment is posted for you to try on your child at home, please telephone the OT to confirm that it fits and that your child is tolerating it. It may be necessary to make some adjustments. Badly fitting compression garments can cause problems during wear or will not have any therapeutic value. Your child will then be provided with replacement garments so that he or she can use a fresh one daily while the other is being washed.

Looking after the compression garment

- The pressure garment should be washed daily to remove acids and salts absorbed from the body. This not only helps with hygiene, but also helps the garment last longer. Hand wash or machine wash at 30°C using a non-biological soap powder or liquid.
- Garments should be dried at room temperature. They should never be placed directly on a radiator or near a fire.
- The average time a compression garment will last is between three and six months, but this will depend on how fast your child grows and how often it is worn. Re-measurements will be arranged with the OT when the compression garment becomes too small or worn out.



Compression garment information

Name: _____ Hosp. No. _____

Date measured: _____

Type of garment: _____

Re-orders: _____

Date measured: _____

Type of garment: _____

Re-orders: _____

Date measured: _____

Type of garment: _____

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Compiled by the Occupational Therapy Department

in collaboration with the Child and Family Information Group

Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children NHS Trust

Great Ormond Street

London WC1N 3JH

www.goshfamilies.nhs.uk www.childrenfirst.nhs.uk