External Handbook

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Department of Chemical Pathology Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children

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Chemical Pathology Services

External User Guide

Updated May 2023



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INTRODUCTION

Chemical Pathology, Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children NHS Foundation Trust (GOSH), is a specialist medical laboratory accredited by UKAS to ISO15189:2012 and provides a wide range of Chemical Pathology analyses with a special interest in the diagnosis and monitoring of inborn errors of metabolism. For current information on the scope of our accreditation please visit <u>www.ukas.com</u>

The laboratory is fully staffed between 9 am and 5.30 pm Monday to Friday and staff will be available for any enquiries you may have. For sample requirements and general enquiries not dealt with by this guide or for results, please contact the general enquiries line or visit our website at www.gosh.nhs.uk/labs

General information on pathology tests can be found at http://labtestsonline.org.uk/

For advice on investigations, explanations of tests or procedures, clinical advice and interpretation or to request an urgent analysis, the duty biochemist is available on bleep 020 7405 9200 (hospital switchboard) bleep 0589 and by email: <u>duty.biochemists.distribution@gosh.nhs.uk</u> during normal working hours. The duty biochemist can also be contacted via the hospital switchboard, out of hours.

This handbook contains details of the tests currently performed in house for external users. There are a number of investigations that are available to GOSH Clinicians provided by external referral laboratories; details of which can be found in the Internal User's Guide (CCL002).

Sample reception

Chemical Pathology Reception Paediatric Laboratory Medicine Camelia Botnar Building Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children Great Ormond Street London WC1N 3JH

| Senior Staff | | |
|--|---|------------------------|
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| | | |
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| Mr Ade Ifederu | Chief Biomedical Scientist | The second secon |
| adeboye.ifederu@gosh.nhs.uk | Head of Newborn Screening | |
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| Mrs Tejwurree Ramgoolam | Chief Biomedical Scientist | ☎ 020 7405 9200 x5290 |
| tejwurree.ramgoolam@gosh.nhs.uk | Deputy Head of Newborn Screening | |

DEPARTMENT SECTIONS AND PHONE NUMBERS

| RESULTS ENQUIRIES/GENERAL ENQUI | RIES Email: gos-tr.chemicalpathology@nhs.net |
|---|--|
| Departmental Office | 20 7829 8662 (note: email preferred) |
| CLINICAL ADVICE | 20 7405 9200 bleep 0589 Email: <u>duty.biochemists.distribution@gosh.nhs.uk</u> |
| Metabolic / Enzyme Laboratory Reception Metabolic Laboratory | ☎ 020 7405 9200 ext 7874 ☎ 020 7405 9200 ext 5225 |
| Enzyme Laboratory | ☎ 020 7762 6751 (DD) or 020 7405 9200 ext 1785 Email: <u>gos-tr.ENZYME@nhs.net</u> |
| Blood Sciences Reception Automated Routine Laboratory | ☎ 020 7405 9200 ext 5009 ☎ 020 7405 9200 ext 5710 |
| Newborn Screening Laboratory | |

REQUESTING

The test request from an external user acts as formal acceptance of testing and creates an agreement with the requester.

It is assumed that all necessary patient consent (and ethical approval if applicable) has been obtained by the Health Professional requesting the tests prior to sampling.

A request giving the following information must accompany the specimen (apart from newborn screening tests), a minimum of three identifiers are required:-

| Patient ID: | surname or family name |
|-------------|---|
| | forename or personal name |
| | date of birth (many reference ranges are age dependent) |
| | sex (some reference ranges are sex related) |
| | patients reference i.e. Hospital number, laboratory, NHS number |

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| Specimen: | type, date and time of collection | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Test(s) required: | | |
| Clinical details: | as full as possible including medication, diet, fasting or fed sample | |
| Sender: | name of sender, address for report and invoice urgent contact, name, phone number (if different from sender) | |

Please use our special 'Chemical Pathology' Request Form and an 'Enzyme Screen' Request form (see appendix 4). This will enable us to perform the most appropriate investigations and provide comprehensive interpretive reports based on the information provided.

Labelling of Specimens

Specimens should be legibly labelled with a minimum of three patient identifiers (see above) along with the date and time of collection, type of specimen and specimen reference. To avoid results being wrongly attributed to patients, unlabelled samples or samples that do not match the name on the request form cannot be processed by the laboratory.

Protection of Personal Information

All staff have a legal obligation to ensure that any confidential information they come into contact with is kept secure and confidential at all times. Where a member of staff receives a request for information relating to an individual, staff must ensure that any disclosure of confidential information is fully justified and in compliance with the Data Protection Act 1998 or Common Law Duty of Confidentiality.

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SAMPLE COLLECTION/HANDLING

Requirements for sample collection, processing and transportation are listed under individual analytes further on in this handbook. Please note that the preferred sample type is stated; however other sample types may also be suitable. Please contact us for further information.

| Abbreviations used: | Li hep | Lithium heparin | L | Liver |
|---------------------|--------|-----------------|-----|---------------------------|
| | Plain | Plain container | М | Muscle |
| | RBC | Erythrocytes | F | Fibroblasts |
| | WBC | Leucocytes | FB | Fetal blood |
| | S | Serum | VL | Vacuolated lymphocytes |
| | Р | Li hep plasma | CV | Chorionic villus |
| | В | Whole blood | CCV | Cultured chorionic villus |
| | BS | Blood spot | AF | Amniotic fluid |

| Order of | Order of Draw / Collection sequence | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Order | Tube | Additive | | |
| 1 | Green | Sodium citrate | | |
| 2 | Brown | Serum gel | | |
| 3 | White | Serum | | |
| 4 | Orange | Lithium heparin | | |
| 5 | Red | EDTA | | |
| 6 | Blue | EDTA for blood transfusion | | |
| 7 | Yellow | Sodium fluoride | | |

STORAGE

Samples should be sent to us as soon as possible after collection. However, if storage is unavoidable, guidance for sample storage is given under individual tests.

Requesting additional tests and sample retention

If the sample is still available and sufficient in volume and is viable, additional tests may be added by phone. However requestor may be asked to send a further request form with details of the test required.

Samples are retained in accordance to the Guidelines published by the Royal College of Pathologists and the Institute of Biomedical Science: *the retention and storage of pathological records and specimens (5th edition, 2015).* All samples are stored for a minimum of 48 hours after the report has been issued; most samples are stored for at least two weeks and many are stored for longer periods. Please contact us for further advice.

PACKING

The packing requirements for samples are specified under each analyte further on in the booklet.

General and room temperature

All specimens must be in leak-proof containers. Seal cap of container with 'parafilm' or similar waterproof tape. Wrap each container with sufficient absorbent material to completely absorb the contents in case of breakage. There should be no contact between containers. Place the container(s)

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and packing in plastic bag and seal the bag. Place the sealed bag, together with the request form, in a rigid fibre or plastic outer case. The outer case should be sealed with tape.

NOTE – the request form must **not** be inside the plastic bag with the specimen.

lce

Pack specimens as above. Place the ice in a leak-proof container (use a plastic bottle or bag). Ice should not come into direct contact with the specimen container to avoid risk of contamination or labels becoming illegible. Place the ice and specimen(s) in a plastic outer container and seal with waterproof tape. Include sufficient ice to cover any possible delays in delivery.

Ice packs are suitable for a journey time of less than 6 hours. However, DO NOT place ice packs from -20 °C freezer immediately next to whole blood or cells.

Dry Ice [Solid CO₂]

Pack the specimens as above. The outer pack must be an insulator and be permeable to CO_2 , e.g. expanded polystyrene. State "CONTAINS SOLID CO_2 " on the outside. Seal outer case with tape. Include sufficient solid CO_2 to cover any possible delays in delivery.

TRANSPORT

First class post

When sending specimens by first class post, the packaging MUST comply with UN3733 packaging regulations and postal regulations.

The package must be labelled 'PATHOLOGICAL SPECIMEN' and may only be sent 1st class letter post. Where first class post is indicated this assumes that delivery will be made by the next day. Please DO NOT POST on Friday or before a UK Bank Holiday.

Courier or express delivery.

A reliable service should be used and instructed to take the specimens to the Reception in Chemical Pathology in the Camelia Botnar Laboratories Building.

TURNAROUND TIME

Turnaround time given is the anticipated time taken between sample receipt and report under normal operating conditions. Where the assays are batched and performed infrequently, the time is given as a range up to the maximum anticipated time. However, on occasions, the turnaround time may be longer if the result requires confirmation or further analysis is required. Time taken for sample transport and posting the report should be added to this. Where appropriate, abnormal results will be phoned, or emailed to the sending laboratory.

In cases where results are required more urgently, please contact the relevant section or the duty biochemist (bleep 0589) to discuss your requirements (prior to sending specimens) so that samples can be fast tracked.

REPORTING

An **on-line Results Portal** is available for all the users to access their reports and check the status of requested tests. The service is fully secure and free of charge.

To arrange access to GOSHOutreach, please email gos-tr.Outreach@nhs.net

Authorised reports can also be printed and dispatched by first class post to the requesting organisation as required. Please contact us at <u>gos-tr.chemicalpathology@nhs.net</u>

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NEWBORN SCREENING

Blood spot assays to screen for phenylketonuria (PKU), congenital hypothyroidism (CHT), medium chain acyl coA dehydrogenase deficiency (MCADD), sickle cell disorders, cystic fibrosis (CF), maple syrup urine disease (MSUD), isovaleric acidaemia (IVA), glutaric aciduria type 1 (GA1) and homocystinuria (HCU) in the newborn period are available as part of the NHS Newborn Blood Spot Screening Programme.

Sample requirement: 4 good blood spots collected on day 5 (day of birth = day 0) on a standard screening card, dried at room temperature, and enclosed in a glassine cover. Please provide the dates of birth and sampling as well as the baby's NHS number as these are mandatory fields. Send at room temperature by post immediately to the North Thames Newborn Screening Laboratory.

CHANGES TO METHODS INCLUDING REFERENCE INTERVALS

The performance of our methods is under constant review to ensure that we continue to provide a high-quality service. Occasionally we will change our method and / or reference intervals as part of this quality improvement. When we change methods or reference intervals, details of the change will be made on the patient reports. Also our users may be notified via email, via the Results portal, multi-disciplinary team meetings or in a letter depending on the change.

COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

The Chemical Pathology Department makes every effort to maintain a high standard of service at all times. However, mistakes do occur and we are happy to receive any comments and to try to resolve any complaints quickly. If you have a complaint, please speak in the first instance to a member of the Senior Staff team whose contact numbers can be found on page 3 and 4. If this fails to meet your requirements, please state that you wish to speak to a more senior member of staff or to a member of the Trust's Patient Safety and Complaints Team.

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FACTORS AFFECTING THE PERFORMANCE OF TESTS AND THEIR INTERPRETATION

METABOLIC INVESTIGATIONS

What samples?

It is important to check the fluid in which the metabolites of interest most obviously accumulate, e.g. urine for organic acids. The next part of this booklet indicates the sample type required for the investigations offered. When indicated (e.g. because of metabolite instability), it is necessary to make arrangements with the laboratory prior to collecting the sample.

When?

The time of the sample collection is crucial where characteristic metabolites accumulate only intermittently in the samples. Whenever possible, patients should be investigated during periods when they are unwell. Samples should be taken as soon as possible after admission, before changes in treatment and diet lead to the disappearance of relevant metabolites.

Sample integrity

Bacterial activity in poorly preserved samples produces a rise in pH and can lead to both the appearance of bacterial metabolites and the breakdown of important components, especially sugars and some amino acids. Samples with a high pH may not be analysed for this reason. Faecal contamination of urine produces a similar effect. Dilute urine makes the detection of urinary constituents unreliable and samples with creatinine concentration >1 mmol/L are preferred.

Diet

Some metabolic disorders are related to a particular dietary intake or are produced only in the fasting state. Investigations should be carried out, as far as possible, on samples taken at the time the patient was symptomatic. Dietary restrictions or feeding may cause characteristic metabolites to disappear and result in false negative results. Dietary metabolites may interfere with organic acid, amino acid or carbohydrate chromatograms. Patients receiving intravenous amino acid mixture may have amino aciduria, amino acidaemia or organic aciduria. Information on the type of diet and the timing of the sample in relation to meals will aid in the interpretation of these complex analyses.

Drugs

Drugs influence metabolic investigations by analytical interference or by modifying metabolic processes. Details of all medication should be provided with metabolic investigations.

Exchange transfusions / blood transfusions

These may affect the analytes measured in blood and especially erythrocytes. When requesting tests in such patients, check whether adequate time has lapsed since the last transfusion. For assays of enzymes and metabolites in erythrocytes, the time interval should be 6 weeks.

Other factors include

Age of specimen Time of specimen separation Specimen storage Specimen haemolysis, icterus and lipaemia Fasting state

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BIOCHEMICAL INVESTIGATION OF A SUDDEN INFANT DEATH

If an inborn error of metabolism is suspected in an infant who died suddenly, collect the following samples as soon as practicable to minimize post mortem changes; blood spots, bile spots, plasma, urine, CSF, aqueous humor. Blood stained CSF and urine should be spun and separated immediately and this should be recorded. Freeze at -20 °C. Skin biopsy can also be taken (see fibroblasts). Please discuss the request with the duty biochemist on 020 7405 9200 bleep 0589 before sending the samples.

METABOLIC INVESTIGATION IN A MORIBUND CHILD

The diagnosis of metabolic disease cannot be made after death unless the correct specimens have been appropriately collected. If metabolic disease is suspected and the child seems likely to die before a diagnosis can be made, it would be advisable to collect the following specimens:

Blood - 10 ml in a heparinised tube. Separate plasma promptly. Freeze the bulk of the plasma, the remaining plasma and red cells should be kept at 4 °C.

Urine - 20 ml in a plain container and deep freeze.

Blood spots for acylcarnitines

Bile spots for acylcarnitines

DNA - If the condition is one in which DNA studies are likely to be helpful, take 10ml blood into an EDTA tube and deep freeze the whole blood.

Tissue biopsies (liver, muscle, heart) – Label the plain container with the type of tissues prior to taking the biopsies. Pre-cool a plain container in the deep freeze. Obtain dry ice, liquid nitrogen or a freezing pack. Make a small boat with a piece of aluminium foil and place it on the dry ice / freezing mixture. Take the biopsy (as many cores as possible, minimum two) and put it immediately in the boat, it should freeze immediately and thereafter should be not allowed to thaw at any time. Wrap up the core in the foil and put it in the pre-chilled container, making sure that the cap is tight and immediately replace in the deep freeze (-40 °C or lower). A small part should be put into glutaraldehyde and if necessary some into formalin, but the majority should be frozen for chemistry and enzymology.

Skin Biopsy - See fibroblasts (appendix 1, page 26)

Please note if you are sending 'chain of evidence' samples, please discuss with the duty biochemist prior to sending.

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ASSAY DIRECTORY

<u>Codes</u>

Tests highlighted in turquoise are analysed in the Metabolic Laboratory Test highlighted in green are analysed in the Enzyme Laboratory Tests highlighted in yellow are analysed in the Routine Laboratory Tests highlighted in pink are analysed in the Routine Laboratory

AMINO ACID DISORDERS

| Test | Sample requirement | Sample handling | Turnaround |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------|
| Amino acids | | | |
| Plasma | 0.5 ml li hep plasma | Separate ASAP. Freeze immediately. Send | 1 – 2 w by |
| | | frozen | HPLC |
| | | | 1 – 3 w by IEC |
| Urine | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 3 – 6 w |
| CSF | 0.2 ml clear CSF | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |
| Blood spot | 4 blood spots on std card | Send by first class post. | 4 d |
| - branched chain | | | |
| Homocysteine | | | |
| Plasma | 0.5 ml li hep plasma | Separate ASAP. Freeze immediately. Send | 1 – 2 w |
| | | frozen | |
| Urine | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately | 3 – 6 w |
| Succinylacetone | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 2 - 4 w |
| Sulphocysteine | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 3 – 6 w |

CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM DISORDERS

Galactose/ Fructose metabolism Disorders

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | | Turnaround |
|-----------------------|------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| Reducing substances | U | 2 ml fresh random | Freeze immediately. | up to 2 w |
| Sugar chromatography | | urine | Send frozen | 3 – 6 w |
| Galactose -1- | RBC | 2 ml li hep whole | Send whole blood at | 2 - 4 w |
| phosphate uridyl- | | blood. | ambient temp. to reach | |
| transferase | | No transfusion prior 6 | lab ideally within 48 h of | |
| [Gal-1-PUT] | | wk | collection | |
| Galactose-1 | RBC | 2 ml li hep whole blood | Send whole blood at | 4–6 w |
| Phosphate | | - | ambient temp. to reach | |
| | | | lab ideally within 24 h of | |
| | | | collection | |
| Fructose-1-P aldolase | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately. Send | 4-6 w |
| | | | frozen without thawing | |

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Glycogen Storage Disorders (GSD)

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | | Turnaround |
|--------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---|------------|
| la Glucose-6- | L | Fresh liver biopsy | Contact enzyme lab prior to | 4-6 w |
| phosphate hydrolase | | | sampling. Do not freeze. | |
| Ib Glucose-6- | L | Fresh liver biopsy | Contact enzyme lab prior to | 4-6 w |
| phosphate translocase | | | sampling. Do not freeze. | |
| II α-1,4-glucosidase | BS, | Blood spots, 5 ml li | Send whole blood at | 4-6 w |
| (acid maltase) | WBC | hep blood | ambient temp. to reach lab | |
| | | | ideally within 24 h collection | |
| * CRIM testing available | | 5 40 181 1 | | 4.0 |
| III glycogen | WBC | 5-10 ml li hep whole | Send whole blood at | 4-6 w |
| debrancher | | blood | ambient temp. to reach lab | |
| | | musele / liver bie pour | ideally within 24 h collection | 4.0 |
| | M, L | muscle / liver biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| | F | alia hianay into avity no | Send frozen | 4.0 |
| | | skin biopsy into culture | Send at ambient temp. | 4-6 w |
| | WBC | Medium or saline | Do <u>not</u> freeze Send whole blood at 4-6 w | 4-6 w |
| IV glycogen brancher | WBC | 5-10 ml li hep whole | | 4-6 W |
| | | blood | ambient temp. to reach lab | |
| | M, L | muscle / liver biopsy | within 18 h of collection Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| | IVI, L | muscle / liver blopsy | Send frozen | 4-0 W |
| | F | skin biopsy into culture | Send at ambient temp. | 4-6 w |
| | Г | Medium or saline | Do not freeze | 4-0 W |
| V phosphorylase | М | muscle biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| v phosphorylase | 171 | | Send frozen | 4-0 W |
| VI phosphorylase | WBC | 5-10 ml lip hep whole | Send whole blood at | 4-6 w |
| | WBC | blood | ambient temp. to reach lab | 4-0 W |
| | | biood | ideally within 24 h collection | |
| | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| | - | inter stepsy | Send frozen | |
| VII phospho | М | muscle biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| fructokinase | | | Send frozen | |
| IX phosphorylase b | RBC | 5 ml li hep whole blood | Send whole blood at | 4-6 w |
| Kinase | | | ambient temp. to reach lab | |
| | | | ideally within 24 h collection | |
| | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| | | | Send frozen | |

*Pompe CRIM testing – contact the Enzyme Laboratory Tel: 020 7405 9200 ext 6751/1785

Glycolytic enzymes

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | | Turnaround |
|----------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Fructose-1,6 | WBC | 5-10 ml lip hep whole | Send whole blood at ambient | 4-6 w |
| bisphosphatase | | blood | temp. to reach lab ideally within | |
| | | | 24 h of collection | |
| | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| | | | Send frozen | |
| Phospho- | WBC | 5 ml li hep whole | Send whole blood at ambient | 4-6 w |
| glucomutase | | blood | temp. to reach lab ideally within | |
| | | | 24 h of collection | |
| | M, L | muscle / liver biopsy | Freeze immediately | 4-6 w |
| | | | Send frozen | |

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FATTY ACID OXIDATION DEFECT / HYPOGLYCAEMIA

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | | Turnaround |
|---|------|--------------------------------|---|------------|
| 3-(B)Hydroxy- | Р | 0.3 ml li hep plasma | Freeze immediately. Send | 1 - 2 w |
| butyrate (BOHB) | | | frozen. Provide glucose result for interpretation. | |
| Free fatty acids (non-esterified fatty acids, NEFA) | Р | 0.3 ml li hep plasma | Freeze immediately. Send frozen. Provide glucose result for interpretation. | 1 - 2 w |
| Acetoacetate | В | perchloric acid supernatant | Freeze immediately (see appendix for protocol). Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |
| Organic acids | U | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 2 – 4 w |
| Acylcarnitines | BS | 4 blood spot on standard card | Send by first class post | 1 - 2 w |

Diagnostic fast

All the above investigations to be carried out at the beginning and end of the fast under close medical supervision in a Hospital unit experienced in carrying out these tests (not advisable in patients under 18 months or under 5 kg in weight)

LACTATE / PYRUVATE DISORDERS

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | | Turnaround |
|------------------------|------|--|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Lactate | Р | 2 ml fluoride oxalate plasma | Separate plasma assay ASAP | 6 h |
| | В | perchloric acid precipitation (see appendix for protocol) | Freeze immediately Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |
| | CSF | 0.2 ml clear CSF | Freeze immediately Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |
| Lactate/Pyruvate ratio | В | perchloric acid precipitation (see appendix for protocol) | Freeze immediately Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |
| | CSF | perchloric acid precipitation (see appendix for protocol) | Freeze immediately Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |

LYSOSOMAL STORAGE DISORDERS (LSD)

Initial investigations/monitoring

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | | | Turnaround |
|--|--|--|---|-------|---------------|
| Glycosaminoglycans | U | 5 ml fresh random urine | Send at ambient tem special post | p. by | up to 4 w |
| Sialic acid* | U | 5 ml fresh random urine | Send at ambient tem special post | p. by | up to 4 w |
| Globotriaosylceramide (ceramide trihexoside) (GL3/GB3/CTH)** | U | 5 ml fresh random urine | Send at ambient tem special post | p. by | up to 4 – 6 w |
| Lyso-globotriaosyl- ceramide ** | Ρ | 0.5 ml li hep plasma | i hep plasma 24 h of collection For best results, freeze plasma immediately. Send frozen. | | up to 6 – 8 w |
| Glucose tetra- saccharide, Glc4/Hex4 | U | 1 ml fresh random urine | Store and send froze chilled if possible | n/ | up to 4 – 6 w |
| Vacuolated | В | 2 ml EDTA whole blood | Send at ambient tem | p. by | Contact |
| lymphocytes | (see page 22) special post (done in histopathol | | histopathology | | |
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| | Histopathology) | at GOSH. Tel: 020 7829 8663. Fax: 020 7813 1170. |
|--|-----------------|---|
|--|-----------------|---|

** Measured in a research laboratory in Institute of Child Health, UCL* Contact the laboratory before sending a sample.

Individual enzyme

Assays available individually for the diagnosis of lysosomal storage disorders are listed below with samples suitable for the assay. Turnaround is 4-6 weeks

| Disease | | Assay | Tissue |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---|---------------------|
| Mucopolysaccharidoses | 5 | | |
| I-Hurler | | α-iduronidase | WBC, F |
| II-Hunter | | iduronate-sulphatase | WBC, P, F |
| IIIA-Sanfilippo A | | heparan sulphamidase | WBC, F |
| IIIB-Sanfilippo B | | α-N-acetyl-glucosaminidase | WBC, P, F |
| IIIC-Sanfilippo C | | N-acetyltransferase | WBC, F |
| IIID-Sanfilippo D | | N-acetyl-glucosamine-6-sulphatase | WBC, F |
| IVA-Morquio A | | N-acetyl galactosamine-6-sulphatase | WBC, F |
| IVB-Morquio B | | β-galactosidase | WBC, F |
| VI-Maroteaux-Lamy | | arylsulphatase B | WBC, F |
| VII-Sly | | β-glucuronidase | WBC, P, F |
| Multiple enzyme defects | ; | | |
| Mucolipidosis II (I-cell) | | multiple hydrolases | P, VL, F |
| Mucolipidosis III (pseudo | Hurler) | multiple hydrolases | P, VL, F |
| Multiple sulphatidosis | | multiple sulphatases | WBC, P, F |
| Gangliosidoses | | | |
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | | β-galactosidase | WBC, VL, F |
| G _{M2} gangliosidoses: | | | |
| Tay Sachs / B1 variant | | hexosaminidase A | WBC, P, F |
| Sandhoff | | total β-hexosaminidase | WBC, P, F |
| Leucodystrophies | | | |
| Krabbe | | galactocerebrosidase | WBC, F |
| Metachromatic | | arylsulphatase A | WBC, F |
| Glycoproteinoses | | | |
| Fucosidosis | | α-fucosidase | WBC, P, VL, F |
| α-Mannosidosis | | α-mannosidase | WBC, P, VL, F |
| β-Mannosidosis | | β-mannosidase | P, WBC, F, VL |
| Schindler | | α-N-acetyl galactosaminidase | P, WBC, F |
| Sialidosis | | α -neuraminidase | WBC, VL, F |
| Aspartylglucosaminuria | | aspartylglucosaminidase | P, F |
| Galactosialidosis | | α -neuraminidase/ β -galactosidase | WBC, VL, F |
| Other lipid storage diso | rdors | u-neuraininiuase/ p-yalaciusiuase | |
| Fabry | | a-dalactosidase | WBC, P, F |
| Gaucher | | α-galactosidase | WBC, F, T |
| Caucher | | β-glucosidase chitotriosidase | P |
| Niemann-Pick A & B | | | WBC, VL, F, |
| Wolman & cholesterylester storage | | sphingomyelinase acid esterase (lysosomal acid-lipase/LAL) | WBC, VL, F, |
| disease (CESD) | | aun esierase (iysusuinai aun-iipase/LAL) | |
| Neuronal ceroid lipofus | cinoses | | |
| (Batten disease) | | | |
| Infantile (INCL, NCL1, CL | 1 | palmitoyl protein thioesterase | WBC, F |
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| Classic late infantile (LINCL, NCL2, CLN2) | tripeptidyl peptidase I | WBC, F |
|--|-------------------------|----------|
| Transport defects | | |
| Cystinosis | cystine | WBC, F |
| Sialic acid storage | sialic acid | U, VL, F |

NB: **Prenatal diagnosis** is available for these disorders. Contact the laboratories to discuss if required.

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Grouped Enzyme Screens for Lysosomal Disorders

The lysosomal storage disorders can be grouped according to clinical features and a group of enzyme assays can be carried out on a single blood sample which provides both white blood cells and plasma for analysis. The clinical signs of a lysosomal storage disease may eventually develop to give a classic picture but diagnosis at an earlier stage can be more difficult, e.g. while Type II Gaucher disease leads to hepato/splenomegaly, neurological signs may be more obvious initially. To meet this and other concerns all patients have plasma chitotriosidase measured to exclude Gaucher disease and other LSDs. Palmitoyl protein thioesterase and tripeptidyl peptidase I which are deficient in infantile (INCL, NCL1, CLN1) and classic late infantile (LINCL, NCL2, CLN2) neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis are assayed in all patients under 16 years with neurological problems, and also in adult patients if these disorders are suspected.

The profile of enzymes in a 'screen' unless specifically requested may vary depending on clinical details provided (or discussed) or the results of other investigations or tests.'

It is important that the laboratory is given full clinical details in order to carry out the appropriate combination of tests. Turnaround time is 6 - 8 weeks

Note: Some diseases may present under more than one heading.

Neurodegenerative screen

Evidence of neurological regression, hypotonia, fits, etc.

| Disease | Enzyme |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-galactosidase |
| G _{M2} gangliosidoses: | |
| Tay Sachs / B1 variant | hexosaminidase A |
| Sandhoff | total β-hexosaminidase |
| Krabbe leucodystrophy | galactocerebrosidase |
| Metachromatic leucodystrophy | arylsulphatase A |
| Fucosidosis | α-fucosidase |
| α-Mannosidosis | α -mannosidase |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-mannosidase |
| Schindler | α-N-acetyl galactosaminidase |
| MPS VII-Sly | β-glucuronidase |
| I cell disease | I cell screen |

Plasma chitotriosidase is assayed in all patients to exclude Gaucher disease

All patients under 16 years of age are tested for:

| Infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis(INCL, NCL1, CLN1) | palmitoyl protein thioesterase |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Classic late infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis (LINCL, NCL2, CLN2) | tripeptidyl peptidase I |

Dysmorphic screen

The first line test for a dysmorphic child is screening for a mucopolysaccharidosis by urine GAGs. The following enzymes are indicated if a mucopolysaccharidosis is excluded.

| Disease | | Enzyme | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|----------------------|
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | | β-galactosidase | |
| Sialidosis | | α-neuraminidase | |
| Galactosialidosis | | α-neuraminidase/ β-galactosidase | |
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| Fucosidosis | α-fucosidase |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| α-Mannosidosis | α-mannosidase |
| I cell disease | I cell screen |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-mannosidase |
| MPS VII-Sly | β-glucuronidase |
| Multiple sulphatidosis | arylsulphatase A |
| Aspartylglucosaminuria | aspartylglucosaminidase |
| Schindler | α-N-acetyl galactosaminidase |

Plasma chitotriosidase is assayed in all patients to exclude Gaucher disease

Hepato/splenomegaly screen: for those patients with hepatomegaly and or splenomegaly suspected of having a lysosomal storage disorder.

| Disease | Enzyme |
|--------------------------------|---|
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-galactosidase |
| Sialidosis | α-neuraminidase |
| Galactosialidosis | α-neuraminidase/ β-galactosidase |
| Gaucher | β-glucosidase |
| Niemann-Pick A & B | sphingomyelinase |
| Wolman & CESD | acid esterase (lysosomal acid-lipase/LAL) |
| Fucosidosis | α-fucosidase |
| α-Mannosidosis | α-mannosidase |
| I cell disease | I cell screen |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-mannosidase |
| MPS VII-Sly | β-glucuronidase |

In all patients with hepato/splenomegaly plasma chitotriosidase is assayed

Cherry red spot screen: for patients with a cherry red spot on the macula.

| Disease | Enzyme |
|---------------------------------|---|
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-galactosidase |
| G _{M2} gangliosidoses: | |
| Tay Sachs / B1 variant | hexosaminidase A |
| Sandhoff | total β-hexosaminidase |
| Niemann-Pick A | sphingomyelinase |
| Sialidosis | α-neuraminidase |
| Galactosialidosis | α -neuraminidase/ β -galactosidase |
| Krabbe leucodystrophy | galactocerebrosidase |

Angiokeratoma screen: for patients with an angiokeratoma.

| Disease | Enzyme |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Fabry | α-galactosidase |
| Fucosidosis | α-fucosidase |
| Sialidosis | α-neuraminidase |
| Galactosialidosis | α -neuraminidase/ β -galactosidase |
| Adult G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-galactosidase |
| α-Mannosidosis | α-mannosidase |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-mannosidase |
| Schindler | α-N-acetyl galactosaminidase |
| Aspartylglucosaminuria | aspartylglucosaminidase |

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DNA Analysis

The Enzyme Laboratory works closely with the Clinical Molecular Genetics Laboratory at Great Ormond Street Hospital to offer mutational analysis for many of the lysosomal storage disorders. It is essential to test for the presence of the polyA mutation encoding a **pseudodeficiency** of arylsulphatase A in all patients with low arylsulphatase A activity. For other disorders the Enzyme Laboratory will advise if mutational analysis is available and/or appropriate when a diagnosis is made.

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PRENATAL DIAGNOSIS

Prenatal diagnosis is available for the following disorders. It is important that the diagnosis in the index case has been confirmed in an appropriate tissue and ideally enzyme levels in the parents should be measured to exclude pseudodeficiencies etc. The tissues suitable for assay are stated in the table. It is <u>essential</u> to contact the Enzyme Laboratory (020 7405 9200 ext 1785) before taking any samples for prenatal diagnosis to discuss your requirements and transport arrangements. It may take time to have suitable controls available for the assay so advance notice of an up-coming prenatal can ensure a quicker turnaround time.

For chorionic villus specimens, it is our policy to assay the villi directly, where appropriate, and then to check equivocal results or confirm diagnosis of an unaffected fetus on cultured cells.

Direct and cultured cell assays are charged separately and an additional charge is made for the cell culture. For amniotic fluid samples where the assay is performed on cultured cells, the cost of the cell culture is charged additionally.

LYSOSOMAL STORAGE DISORDERS

E

Mucopolysaccharidoses, mucolipidoses and multiple sulphatidosis

Following amniocentesis, electrophoresis of amniotic fluid glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) is carried out on all pregnancies at risk for a mucopolysaccharidosis, mucolipidoses II and III or a multiple sulphatidosis.

| Disorder | Enzyme | Samples |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Mucopolysaccharidoses | 5 | |
| | | |
| I Hurler / Scheie | α-iduronidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| II Hunter | iduronate sulphatase | CV, CCV, AF, CAC |
| IIIA-Sanfilippo A | heparan sulphamidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| IIIB-Sanfilippo B | α-glucosaminidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| IIIC-Sanfilippo C | N-acetyltransferase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| IVA-Morquio A | N-ac galactosamine-6-sulpha | atase CV, CCV, CAC |
| IVB-Morquio B | β-galactosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| VI-Maroteaux-Lamy | arylsulphatase B | CV, CCV, CAC |
| VII-Sly | β-glucuronidase | CV, CCV, AF, CAC |
| Mucolipidosis II (I-cell) | multiple lysosomal hydrolase | s CCV, AF, CAC |
| Mucolipidosis III (pseudo- | Hurler) multiple lysosomal hydrolase | s CCV, AF, CAC |
| Multiple sulphatidosis | multiple sulphatases | CV, CCV, AF, CAC, |
| Lipidoses | | |
| GM1 gangliosidosis | β-galactosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| GM2 gangliosidoses: | | |
| Tay Sachs | hexosaminidase A | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Sandhoff | total β-hexosaminidase | CV, CCV, AF, CAC |
| Krabbe leucodystrophy | galactocerebrosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Metachromatic leucodystro | phy arylsulphatase A | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Fucosidosis | α-fucosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-mannosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| α-Mannosidosis | α-mannosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
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| Schindler | α -N-acetyl galactosaminidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
|--|---|------------------|
| Sialidosis | neuraminidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Galactosialidosis | α -neuraminidase/ β -galactosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Fabry | α-galactosidase | CV, CCV, AF, CAC |
| Gaucher | β-glucosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Niemann-Pick A & B | sphingomyelinase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Wolman & CESD | acid esterase (lysosomal acid- lipase/LAL) | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Other lysosomal disorders | | |
| Sialic acid storage | sialic acid | CV, CCV, AF, CAC |
| Cystinosis | cystine | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Pompe (GSD type II) | α-glucosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses | | |
| Infantile (INCL, NCL1, CLN1) | palmitoyl protein thioesterase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Classic late infantile (LINCL, NCL2, CLN2) | tripeptidyl peptidase I | CCV, CAC |
| Glycogen storage disorders | | |
| GSD II (Pompe) | α-glucosidase | CV, CCV, CAC |
| GSD IV | brancher | CV, CCV, CAC |
| Urea cycle disorders | | |
| OCT deficiency | ornithine carbamoyl transferase | fetal liver |
| CPS deficiency | carbamoyl phosphate synthase | fetal liver |
| Arginase deficiency | arginase | FB |
| Argininosuccinate lyase deficiency | argininosuccinate lyase | FB |
| | | |

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ORGANIC ACID DISORDERS

| Test | Туре | Sample handling | Turnaround |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
| Organic acids incl. | 5 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 2 – 4 w |
| methylmalonate | | | |
| N-acetylaspartate | 5 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 2 – 4 w |
| Biotinidase | 0.2 ml li hep plasma | Freeze ASAP. Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |

PEROXISOMAL DISORDERS

| Very long chain fatty acids | 0.5 ml li hep plasma or EDTA | Separate immediately. Send by 1 st class post. | 2 – 4 w |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------|
| includes phytanate & pristanate | | | |

UREA CYCLE DISORDERS

| Amino acids | Ρ | 0.5 ml li hep plasma | Separate ASAP. Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 1 – 2 w |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Organic acids includes orotic acid | U | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 2 – 4 w |
| N-acetylglutamate Synthase | Discuss with enzyme lab | | | up to 6 w |
| Arginase | RBC | 5 ml li hep whole blood | Send whole blood at ambient temp. to reach lab ideally within 24 h of collection | up to 6 w |
| | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | up to 6 w |
| Argininosuccinate Lyase | RBC | 5 ml li hep whole blood | Send whole blood at ambient temp. to reach lab ideally within 24 h of collection | up to 6 w |
| | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | up to 6 w |
| Carbamoyl Phosphate synthase | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | up to 6 w |
| Ornithine carbamoyl Transferase | L | liver biopsy | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | up to 6 w |

OTHER INHERITED METABOLIC DISORDERS

Hypophosphatasia

| Phospho- | U | 2 ml fresh | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 3 – 6 w |
|--------------|---|--------------|---------------------------------|---------|
| ethanolamine | | random urine | | |

Disaccharidase Deficiencies

| Enzymes * (* not included in current scope of accreditation) | jejunum | 2 mg jejunum biopsy | Snap freeze in liquid N2. Send frozen on solid dry ice. Also see appendix 1. | up to 8 w |
|---|---------|------------------------|--|-----------|
| Sugar chromatography | stool | walnut size stool | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 3 – 6 w |

Glycerol kinase deficiency

| Organic acids, | U | 2 ml fresh | Freeze immediately. Send frozen | 2 – 4 w |
|-------------------|---|---|---|-----------|
| includes glycerol | | random urine | | |
| Glycerol kinase | F | skin biopsy into culture medium or saline | Send at room temperature. Do <u>not</u> freeze | up to 10w |

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Creatine Biosynthesis/Transport Defects

| Test | Туре | | Sample handling | Turnaround |
|------------------------------|---------|---|--|------------|
| Creatine Guanidinoacetate | U and P | 0.5 ml fresh random urine 0.2 ml li hep | Freeze immediately. Send frozen Separate ASAP. Freeze | 4 w |
| | | plasma | immediately. Send frozen | |

NEUROBLASTOMA SCREEN

| HVA | U | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze ASAP. Send frozen | 3 d |
|-----|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| VMA | U | 2 ml fresh random urine | Freeze ASAP. Send frozen | 3 d |

OTHER TESTS

Hormones

| ACTH | Ρ | 0.5 ml EDTA plasma | Separate and freeze plasma / serum immediately after collection. Send frozen | 1 w |
|--------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Antimullerian hormone (AMH) | P, S | 0.5 ml EDTA plasma or serum | Separate and freeze plasma / serum immediately after collection. Send frozen | up to 1 m |
| C-peptide | S | 0.3 ml serum | Separate serum. Send on ice. Provide concurrent plasma glucose result if interpretation is required. | 1 - 3 d |
| 17- hydroxyprogesterone | Ρ | 0.5 ml li hep plasma | Separate and freeze plasma immediately after collection. Send frozen. | 2 w |
| Inhibin B | P, S | 0.5 ml li hep plasma or serum | Separate and freeze plasma / serum immediately after collection. Send frozen | up to 1 m |
| Insulin | S, P | 0.3 ml serum/plasma | Separate plasma. Send on ice. Provide concurrent plasma glucose result if interpretation is required. | 1 - 3 d |
| TSH | BS | 4 blood spots on std card | Send by first class post. | 1 - 3 d |

Metals

| Copper | Р | 0.4 ml li hep | Separate plasma ASAP | 1-2 w |
|-----------|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------|
| | | plasma | | |
| Manganese | Р | 0.5 ml whole | Send whole blood by first class | 2 – 4 w |
| | | blood in Trace | post | |
| | | metal container | | |
| Selenium | Р | 0.4 ml li hep | Separate plasma ASAP | 1-2 w |
| | | plasma | Send by first class post | |
| Zinc | Р | 0.4 ml li hep | Separate plasma ASAP | 1-2 w |
| | | plasma | Send by first class post | |

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Renal tubular markers

| Retinol binding Protein [RBP] | U | 1 ml fresh random urine | Freeze soon after collection | 1 - 3 w |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| N-acetylglucosaminidase [NAG] | U | 1 ml fresh random urine | Send by 1 st class post | 1 - 3 w |

Others

| Others | | | | |
|----------------------|------|---|--|--------------|
| Busulphan | Р | 1 ml EDTA blood at 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 4, 7 h | Arrange with the GOSH metabolic lab prior to | Same day. |
| | | | sampling. | Must be pre- |
| | | | Send samples | booked. |
| | | | immediately to local Lab. | |
| | | | Samples must be | |
| | | | separated and freeze | |
| | | | plasma locally ASAP. | |
| | | | Label samples clearly with | |
| | | | time of collection. | |
| Immunoreactive | BS | 4 blood spots on std | Send by first class post. | 1 - 3 d |
| trypsinogen (IRT) | | card | | |
| Lipase | S, P | 0.3 ml serum/plasma | Separate serum/plasma. | 1 d |
| | | | Send by first class post. | |
| Sugar chromatography | U | 2 ml random urine | Freeze immediately. Send | 3 – 6 w |
| | | | frozen | |
| | F | walnut size stool | | |

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APPENDIX 1 Special Enzyme Assays

It is important that full clinical details (especially presence or absence of neurological features, hepatosplenomegaly, dysmorphic features) are given on the request form so that appropriate assays can be carried out. Please let us know if the mother is pregnant as we can advise on prenatal diagnosis.

Sample requirements

Enzyme assays are classified under separate diagnostic groups with abbreviations for samples where appropriate. These abbreviations are explained below.

WBC (leucocvtes) for white cell enzymes

Unless specified, enzymes are assayed according to the clinical details given. Blood transfusion within 4 weeks may interfere with the result and sampling at this time is best avoided if possible.

Send 5 – 10 ml well mixed blood in lithium heparin (minimum of 5mls). The sample must not contain any clots; heparinise the syringe if the patient is difficult to bleed. Send the whole blood sample to reach the laboratory ideally within 24 hours of sample collection (the shorter the interval, the better the quality of the sample). For most enzymes up to 48 hours is acceptable. However WBC cystine it is essential that the sample is received within 24 hours. Send by courier or Roval Mail Special Next Day delivery to arrive before 14:30 on a normal working day. Please avoid sending samples on a Friday in case of delays in transport.

The turnaround time for these assays is approximately 6 weeks.

RBC (ervthrocvtes)

Blood transfusion in the previous 6 weeks invalidates results.

Send 2 ml heparinised blood to arrive in the laboratory within 24 hours of sample collection, except for galactokinase which has to be assayed on the day of sample collection and should be arranged with the enzyme laboratory at least a day in advance. Send by courier or Royal Mail Special Next Day delivery.

P (plasma) I cell screen etc.

Send 1 ml plasma from a lithium heparin blood sample, to reach the laboratory within 24 hours of collection. Send by courier or Royal Mail Special Next Day delivery.

F (fibroblasts) from skin biopsies

Taking a skin biopsy:

Proceed under aseptic conditions. Have sterile culture medium ready. The forearm and axilla are suitable sites. Swab the skin with alcohol or chlorhexidine (not iodine or betadine). Approximately 0.2 ml to 0.4 ml of 0.5% lignocaine or similar local anaesthetic is injected intradermally and just subcutaneously. Take a 3 mm punch biopsy (full thickness skin) or ellipse 4 mm x 2 mm, immediately transfer the skin to the culture medium. IN EXCEPTIONAL circumstances, sterile dextrose / saline may be used. Keep at 4 °C or room temperature (DO NOT FREEZE) and send by courier or datapost. Fill the container to the top to avoid any airlock.

Storage: 4-8 °C for 24 hours in sterile saline, 3 to 5 days in sterile culture medium. It will take up to 6 weeks to grow fibroblasts.

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U (urine)

Send 5 ml urine. Keep frozen until dispatched and send by 1st class post. This is used for our metabolic assays, not enzymes. Dilute urines (creatinine <1.0mmol/L) and infected urines (pH >8.0) are unsuitable.

L (liver) M (muscle) J (jejunal)

Contact the enzyme laboratory for instructions before taking liver and muscle biopsies as some assays require the biopsy in an unfrozen state. These assays are only available with prior arrangement and when the tissue sample can be delivered to this laboratory within 1 hour after being taken. Unfrozen samples must be transported in a sealed container on wet ice.

For most enzyme assays, including disaccharidases, a frozen biopsy is required. After wrapping in aluminium foil, the sample must be frozen **immediately**, using solid CO₂ or liquid nitrogen, then placed in a labelled plastic bag. The sample must be stored and transported frozen. **It is essential that the sample remains frozen at all times until it is assayed.**

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APPENDIX 2:

Perchlorate Precipitation of Samples for Lactate/Pyruvate Ratios and Acetoacetate

For each sample, prepare 2 tubes each with 500 μ l of ice cold 0.46 mol/L perchloric acid, keep cold at the bedside on an ice pack. Collect blood into a lithium heparin tube or CSF into a plain tube and IMMEDIATELY pipette 100 μ l of the sample into each of the perchloric acid tubes. Mix vigorously, transport to the laboratory on the ice pack. Centrifuge within 10 minutes at 4°C, 3000 rpm for 5 minutes. Freeze supernatant in separate tubes and transport frozen. Any delay in sample precipitation will result in rapid deterioration of the analyte level. Our method requires that the proportion and concentration of perchloric acid is strictly adhered to in order to produce reliable results. Manufacturers supply perchloric acid at a variety of strengths. Please prepare the working perchloric acid as specified below:

NB: For β -hydroxybutyrate / acetoacetate ratio, a separate unprecipitated plasma sample should be sent.

| Stock perchloric acid Supplied by manufacturer | Preparation of 0.46 mol/L perchloric acid |
|---|---|
| | |
| 60 % w/w (SG 1.54) 70 % w/w (SG 1.70) | 2.50 ml stock made up to 50 ml with distilled water1.94 ml stock made up to 50 ml with distilled water |

Keep the working reagent in a plastic bottle at 4 °C.

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APPENDIX 3 External Quality Assessment Scheme Participation

| ORGANISER | SCHEME | ANALYTES |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|
| ERNDIM | Special Assays in Urine | Creatine, free carnitine, guanidinoacetate, HVA, |
| | | lactate, mucopolysaccharides, orotate, |
| | Special Assays in Serum | Biotinidase, creatine, guanidinoacetate, |
| | | homocysteine, NEFA, 3-OHButyrate, lactate, |
| | | pyruvate, VLCFAs |
| | Quantitative Organic Acids | |
| | Amino Acids | Plasma amino acids |
| | Proficiency Testing | Urine only - includes interpretation. |
| | Acylcarnitines | Blood spot acylcarnitines |
| | Interpretative Organic Acids | Organic acids - analysis & interpretation |
| | Cystine in White Blood Cells | White cell cystine |
| | Lysosomal Enzymes in Fibroblasts | Lysosomal enzymes |
| | Urine Mucopolysaccharides | GAGs |
| WILLINK | Urine Mucopolysaccharides | GAGs |
| CDC NEWBORN | Carnitines | Blood spot acylcarnitines |
| SCREENING | Blood spot Leucine | Blood spot leucine |
| WYE VALLEY | Reducing Substances | Reducing substances |
| UKNEQAS | Clinical Chemistry | Lipase |
| | Specific Proteins | Alpha-1-antitrypsin, caeruloplasmin |
| | Paediatric Bilirubin | TBil, conj.Bili |
| | Peptide Hormones | AMH, ACTH |
| | Guildford Peptides | Insulin, C-peptide, IGF-1, IGFBP3 |
| | Newborn Screening | IRT, TSH |
| | Peptides II | Intact PTH, ACTH |
| | Steroid Hormones | 17-hydroxyprogesterone, DHEAS, androstenedione |
| | Sweat Testing | Sweat test (sweat chloride & conductivity) |
| | Catecholamines | VMA HVA |
| | CSF Proteins & Biochemistry | CSF lactate |
| | Tacrolimus, Sirolimus, Ciclosporin | Tacrolimus, Sirolimus, Ciclosporin |
| | Trace Elements | Cu, Zn, Se, Blood Mn. |
| WEQAS | Ammonia | Ammonia |

APPENDIX 4 Chemical Pathology and Enzyme laboratory request forms

(overleaf)

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| Great Ormond Street Information Trust Great Ormond Street Hospital Chemical Pathology External Laboratory Request Form | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---------|
| Chemical Pathology Camelia Botnar LaboratoriesTelephone: +44 (0)207 829 8662 Clinical: Bleep 0589 Generic e-mail: Duty.Biochemists@gosh.nhs.uk Fax: +44 (0)207 829 8624 UNITED KINGDOMFax: +44 (0)207 829 8624 Sample prepped by:For Laboratory Use OnlySample prepped by: | | | | | | |
| Enzyme Unit Contacts: Katie Harvey / Derek Burke Telephone: +44 (0)207 405 9200 ext. 1785 (Lab) 7843 (Clinical) E-mail: gos-tr.ENZYME@nhs.net See enzyme specific request form: http://www.labs.gosh.nhs.uk (see lab handbook) | | runty/ Julie Leakey Contacts: Helen Aitke)207 405 9200 Telephone: +44 (0)207 19 (Clinical) ext. 5710/0415 (Lab) 8 | | : Helen Aitkenhe ne: +44 (0)207 40 1/0415 (Lab) 8318 | nhead/Daley Aofolaju 405 9200 318 (Clinical) | |
| Patient Details | | | | | Date: | Time: |
| Surname: | | | Specimen Date & Tin | ne: | | |
| Forename: | | | Referring Dept & Hos | sp: | | |
| Date of birth : | | | Referral Lab No: | | | |
| Sex | м | F | Referral Lab Tel No.: | | | |
| Hospital No: | | | Secure Fax Number: | | | |
| NHS No: | | | E-mail for reports (if | available): | | |
| Hospital & Ward: | | | Order number (Ifapp | olicable): | | |
| Consultant & Ext/Bleep: | | | Sample Comments : E.g. Sample type, frozen, | etc. | | |
| Assay / investigation N.B See full list of available | | www.labs.gosh.nbs.uk | Address for reports: | | Address for in | nvoice: |
| | | | | | | |
| Clinical details: (ESSENTIAL) Please specify if test is for monitoring (state disorder) or diagnostic. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| FAO: Katie Harvey / Derek Burke |
|---------------------------------|
| Enzyme Laboratory |
| Chemical Pathology |
| Camelia Botnar Laboratories |
| Great Ormond Street Hospital |
| London WC1N 3JH |
| UNITED KINGDOM |

Telephone: +44 (0)207 405 9200 ext. 1785/6751 Fax: +44 (0)207 829 8624 E-mail: <u>gos-tr.ENZYME@nhs.net</u> Website: http://www.labs.gosh.nhs.uk For Enzyme Laboratory use only Date / Time received: Lab number:

Comments

TO BE COMPLETED BY REQUESTING CLINICIAN / LABORATORY

GREAT ORMOND STREET HOSPITAL ENZYMOLOGY SCREENS/TESTS

| Surname: | NHS No: | Referring Dept. & Hospital: | Address for reports/billing: |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Forename: | Hospital & Ward: | | |
| Sex: M / F | Consultant: | Referral Lab no: | |
| DOB: | Consultant ext./bleep: | Referral Lab Tel no: | |
| Hospital No: | Specimen date & time: | Secure Fax Number: | Order Number (if applicable) |

Clinical details (ESSENTIAL, if no details included specimen will not be prioritised):

| Flease tick. | Please | tick: |
|--------------|--------|-------|
|--------------|--------|-------|

| Hepatosplenomegaly Hypogl | ycaemia 🗆 Cardiomy | opathy Development | al Delay 🛛 Dysmorphic | Skeletal Dysplasia | □ Myopathy | □ Hydrops |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| Ocular Abnormalities Angiok | eratoma 🔤 acuolate | I Lymphocyte Positive | | | | |

Further information related to clinical details ticked above or any additional clinical details:

See user handbook (on website) for the list of diseases / enzymes tested in each enzyme screen and for sample handling and delivery instructions.

| ENZYME SCREEN/TEST 8-10ml well mixed lith hep blood | Tick | ENZYME TEST | Tick | Other Enzyme Tests or Further Comments: |
|--|------|---|------|---|
| Neurodegenerative screen (Suggest also consider urine sialic acids) | | Chitotriosidase (Gaucher monitoring) 2 mL plasma | | |
| Dysmorphic screen (please also request urine GAGs) | | Galactose-1-Phosphate (galactosaemia monitoring) 2 mL blood | | |
| Hepato / Splenomegaly screen | | Lyso-Gb3 (for Fabry disease monitoring or 2 rd line diagnostic testing) 2 mL plasma | | |
| Glycogen storage disease screen (state if glycogen brancher is also required) | | 5 mL urine fresh or frozen | | |
| Galactosaemia Test (Galactose-1-Phosphate Uridyltransferase) | | Urine Glycosaminoglycans (if MPS IV is suspected also send blood) | | |
| Cystinosis Test /Monitoring (WBC cystine) to be received within 24 hrs | | Urine Sialic acid | | |
| Fabry Disease Testing (Patient's sex MUST be stated) | | Urine Glucose Tetrasaccharide (Glo4 for Pompe Disease monitoring) | | |
| Pompe Disease Testing* (bloodspot clearly labelled for Pompe testing) | | Urine Gb3 (CTH, GL3, for Fabry Disease monitoring) | | |

*Please note: For urgent request or if infantile Pompe disease is suspected it is ESSENTIAL to call the laboratory prior to sending the specimen to enable it to be prioritised.

ENZYME LABORATORY ENZYME SCREENS

Neurodegenerative screen*:

| Disorder | Deficient Enzyme | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| G _{M2} gangliosidosis - Tay-Sachs/B1 variant | β-Hexosaminidase A | |
| G _{M2} gangliosidosis – Sandhoff Disease | Total β-hexosaminidase | |
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-Galactosidase | |
| Krabbe Leucodystrophy | Galactocerebrosidase | |
| Metachromatic Leucodystrophy | Arylsulphatase A | |
| Gaucher disease | Chitotriosidase +/- β- | |
| | glucosidase | |
| Fucosidosis | α-Fucosidase | |
| α-Mannosidosis | α-Mannosidase | |
| MPS VII (Sly Disease) | β-Glucuronidase | |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-Mannosidase | |
| Schindler's Disease | α-N-Acetylgalactosaminidase | |
| I-Cell (Mucolipidoses II) | I-cell screen | |
| Infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis* | Palmitoyl protein thioesterase | |
| Late infantile neuronal ceroid | Tripeptidyl peptidase I | |
| lipofuscinosis* | | |
| *These enzymes are only included in the full screen (added when nationts are <16 | | |

*These enzymes are only included in the full screen (added when patients are <16 years) or if specifically requested

Dysmorphic screen**:

| - Jone Phile Concern | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Disorder | Deficient Enzyme | | |
| G _{M2} gangliosidosis - Tay-Sachs/B1 variant | β-Hexosaminidase A | | |
| G _{M2} gangliosidosis – Sandhoff Disease | Total β-hexosaminidase | | |
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-Galactosidase | | |
| Fucosidosis | α-Fucosidase | | |
| | | | |
| α-Mannosidosis | α-Mannosidase | | |
| MPS VII (Sly Disease) | β-Glucuronidase | | |
| Multiple sulphatase | Arylsulphatase A | | |
| Sialidosis | α-Neuraminidase | | |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-Mannosidase | | |
| Schindler's Disease | α-N-Acetylgalactosaminidase | | |
| I-Cell (Mucolipidoses II) | I-cell screen | | |
| Aspartylglucosaminuria | Asp-N-acetylglucosaminidase | | |
| Gaucher disease | Chitotriosidase | | |
| **I trips CACe should also be requested to evolute MDS | | | |

**Urine GAGs should also be requested to exclude MPS

Hepato/ Splenomegaly Screen:

| Disorder | Deficient Enzyme |
|---|-----------------------------|
| G _{M2} gangliosidosis - Tay-Sachs/B1 variant | β-Hexosaminidase A |
| G _{M2} gangliosidosis – Sandhoff Disease | Total β-hexosaminidase |
| G _{M1} gangliosidosis | β-Galactosidase |
| Fucosidosis | α-Fucosidase |
| α-Mannosidosis | α-Mannosidase |
| Niemann Pick A & B | Sphingomyelinase |
| Sialidosis | α-Neuraminidase |
| β-Mannosidosis | β-Mannosidase |
| MPS VII (Sly Disease) | β-Glucuronidase |
| Schindler's Disease | α-N-Acetylgalactosaminidase |
| I-Cell (Mucolipidoses II) | I-cell screen |
| Lysosomal Acid Lipase Deficiency | Lysosomal Acid Lipase (Acid |
| (Wolman and CESD) | Esterase) |
| Gaucher disease | Chitotriosidase +/- β- |
| | glucosidase |

Glycogen Storage Disease Screen***:

| Olycogen storage Disease screen . | |
|---|---|
| Disorder | Deficient Enzyme |
| Glycogen Storage Disease III (GSD III) | Glycogen Debrancher (RBC glycogen also typically abnormal) |
| Glycogen Storage Disease IX (GSD IX) | Phosphorylase B Kinase (typically RBC glycogen and phosphorylase a/total phosphorylase ratio abnormal) |
| Glycogen Storage Disease VI (GSD VI) | Glycogen Phosphorylase (although deficiency may be seen in liver only) |

***Glycogen brancher enzyme can be added to the screen (no additional blood required) if specifically requested.

Fabry Disease Testing includes WBC α -galactosidase testing, plasma α -galactosidase is also included for females and if WBC levels are deficient.